occupies to-day a foremost rank amongst the great nations of the world, whereas India, having passed one hundred and fifty years under foreign rule, is still in need of instruction and education. This is what we know as the result of British rule in India. Are we not entitled to ask what will become of Egypt under the rule of the same power; of Egypt, known as the Beauty of the East, the trade center of the world, and the Lord of the Seas; of Egypt, whose export has lately risen to a height never attained by India? We consequently ask: Has the time not come yet when, uniting the suppressed wailings of India with our own groans and sighs in Egypt, we should say to each other, 'Come and let us be one, following the divine words, Victory belongs to the united forces'?"

The former French Minister of the Interior, Elements of M. G. Hanotaux, wrote of this same political menace of Islam in Algeria and the French Sudan as a constant peril not only to French rule, but to Christian civilization. "Dangerous firebrands of discontent are ever smoldering under the resigned surface of these conquered races, which have been often defeated but never discouraged. The religious orders of Islam, failing a political leader for the present, are yet keeping their powder dry for the day of the great slaughter and the great victory."